

Sensitivity Analysis

Determining Sensitivity to Parameter estimates

- There is a general procedure that you can follow the steps are:
 - 1- Determine which parameter of interest might vary from the most likely estimated value
 - 2-Select the probable range and increment of variation for each parameter
 - 3-Select the measure of worth to be calculated
 - 4-Compute the results for each parameter using the measure of worth as a basis
 - 5- To better interpret the results , graphically display the parameter versus the measure of worth.

Example:

- Investment cost =80,000 \$
- Zero salvage value
- Before tax cash flow relation= $27,000\$ - 2000t$ per year ($t=1,2,\dots,n$).
- MARR varies from 10% to 25% per year for different types of asset investment.
- Economic life varies from 8 to 12 years

Evaluate of Pw and Aw sensitivity by varying:

A- The Parameter MARR, while $n=10$ years

B- Parameter n , while MARR is constant at 15% per year.

Solution

- a- Follow the procedure above

Step1. The MARR , i , is the parameter of interest

Step2. Select increments to evaluate sensitivity to MARR, the range for i is 10% to 25%

Step3. The measures of worth are P_w and A_w

Step4. Set up the P_w and A_w relations, for example ,at $i = 10\%$

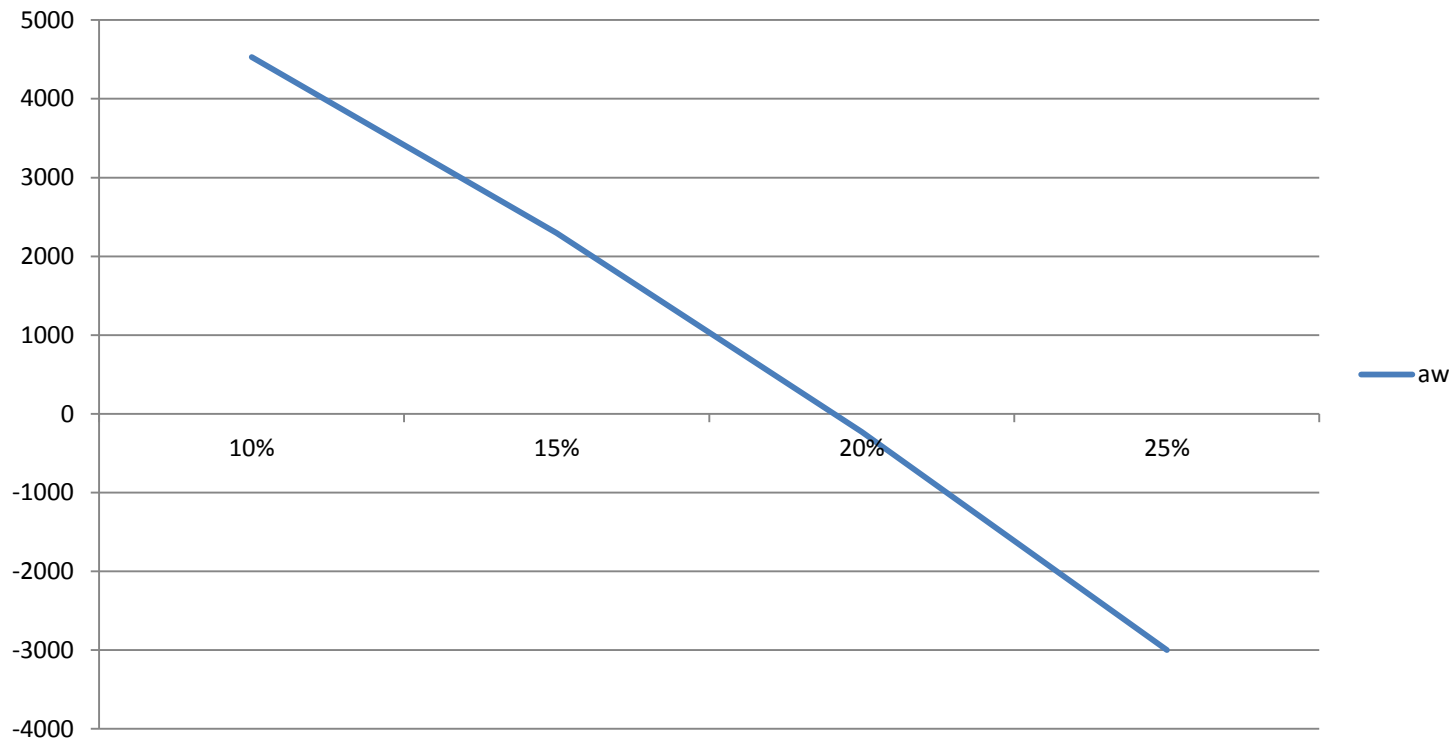
Solution Continue...

- $P_w = -80,000 + 25,000(P/A, 10\%, 10) - 2000(P/G, 10\%, 10) = 27330 \$$
- $A_w = P(A/P, 10\%, 10) = 4527\$$
- The measures of worth for all four I values at 5% intervals are:

i	Pw	Aw
10%	27830 \$	4529 \$
15%	11512	2294
20%	- 965	- 229
25%	- 10711	- 3000

Solution Continue

- **Step 5.** A plot of MARR versus A_w



Solution continue....

- The steep negative slope indicates that the decision to accept the proposal based on A_w is quite sensitive to variations in the MARR. If the MARR is established at the upper end of the range , the investment is not attractive

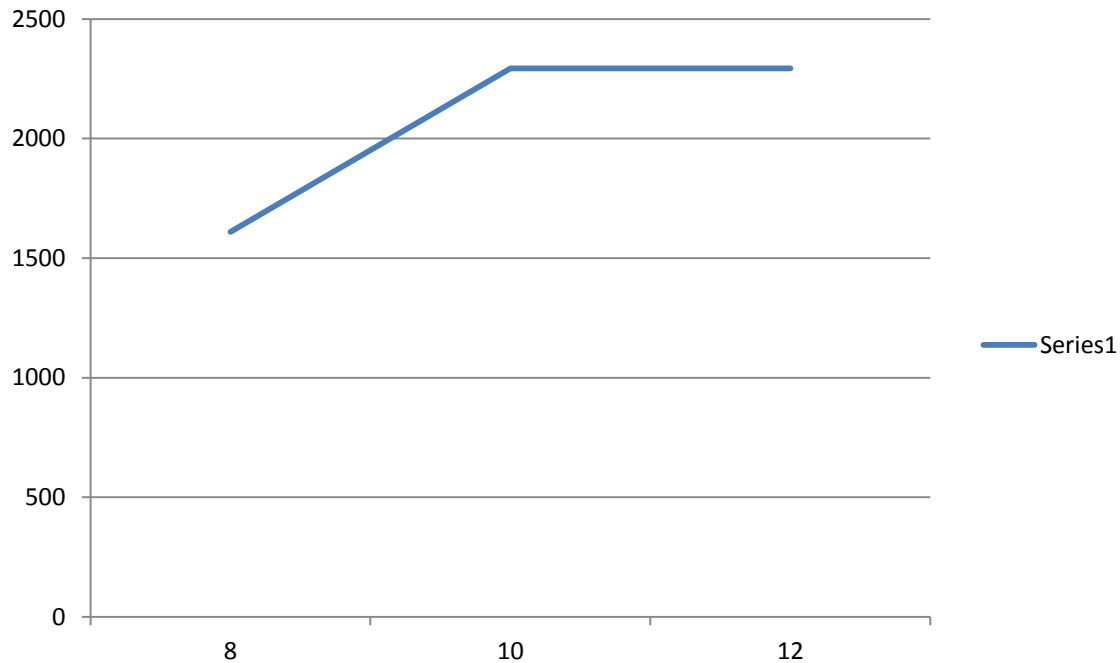
Solution

- **B- Step1.** Asset life n is the parameter
- **Step2.** Select 2 years increments to evaluate sensitivity to n over the range 8 to 12 years
- **Step3.** The measures of worth are Pw and Aw
- **Step 4.** Set up the same Pw and Aw relations as in part (a) for $i=15\%$, measures of worth results are:

n	Pw	Aw
8	7221\$	1609
10	11511\$	2294

Solution continue....

- **Step5.** Plot A_w versus n



Solution Continue....

- This is a characteristic shape for sensitivity analysis of an n value. Since the P_w and A_w measures are positive for all values of n , the decision to invest is not materially affected by the estimated life.